

## Crab intensity from JEM-X onboard INTEGRAL and a source of "deadtime"

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Evolution in time connecting to particle background rate.

 $f(x+\Delta x) = \sum_{i=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\Delta x)^{i}}{i!} f^{(i)}(x) = a^{i\pi} = \begin{cases} 2.7182818284 \\ 2 & 2 \end{cases}$ 

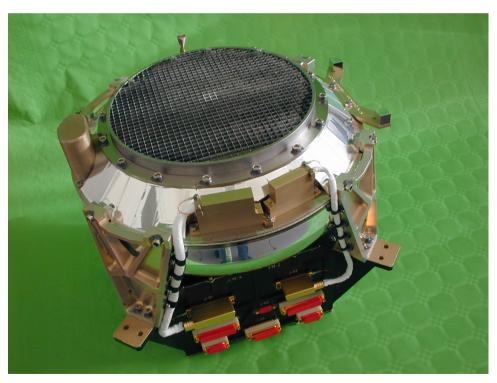
**DTU Space** National Space Institute

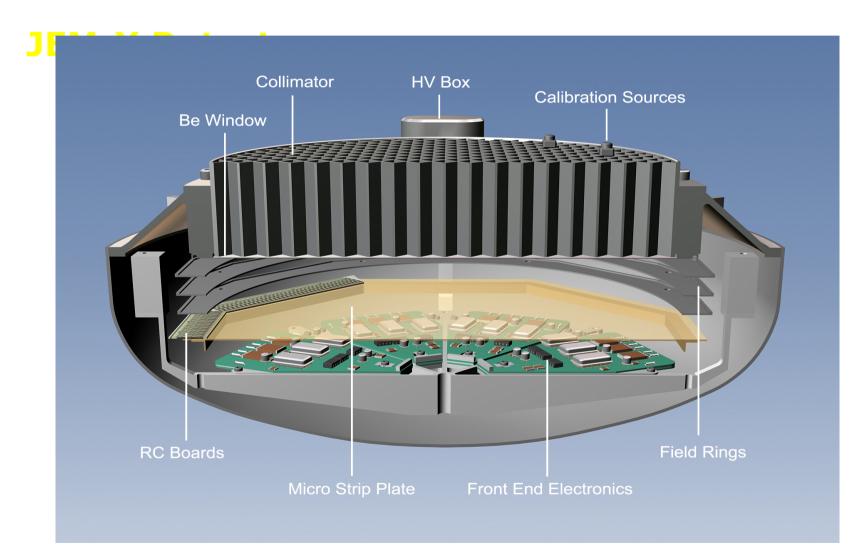




2 <b>DTU Space, Technical University of Denmark</b>	
Mask-Detector:	3401 mm
Detector diam :	250 mm
Mask hex holes:	3 mm
Mask :	535 mm

### **JEM-X HARDWARE**





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The 10 micron anode strips are destroyed by heavy cosmic ray particles by ionization and subsequent spark.

Hence the Crab has been used 'actively' for the calibration assuming stability.

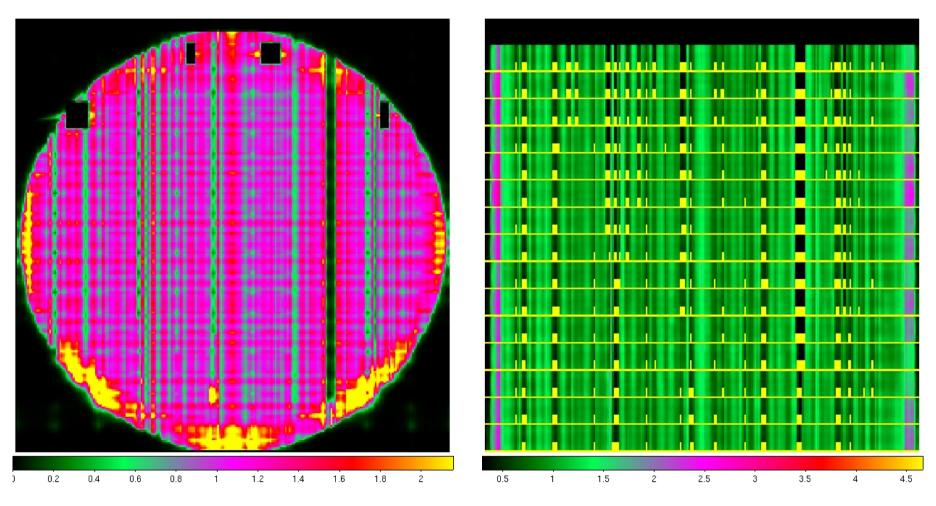
INTEGRAL spends two times 3 days per year observing the Crab.

The standard analysis software (OSA, issued by ISDC) for JEM-X analysis has a correction for Crab intensity variations.

So where are we now?



# JMX1 shadowgram revolutions 311 – 497, 12 – 25 keV

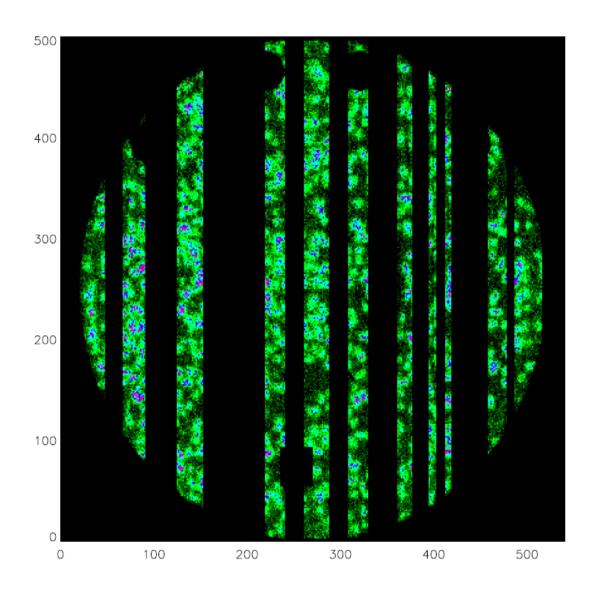


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Progression of anode deterioration

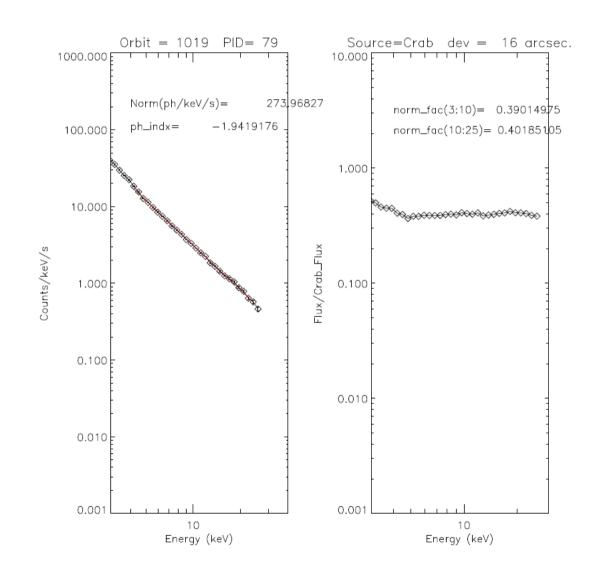


## JEM-X1 "Good" Regions

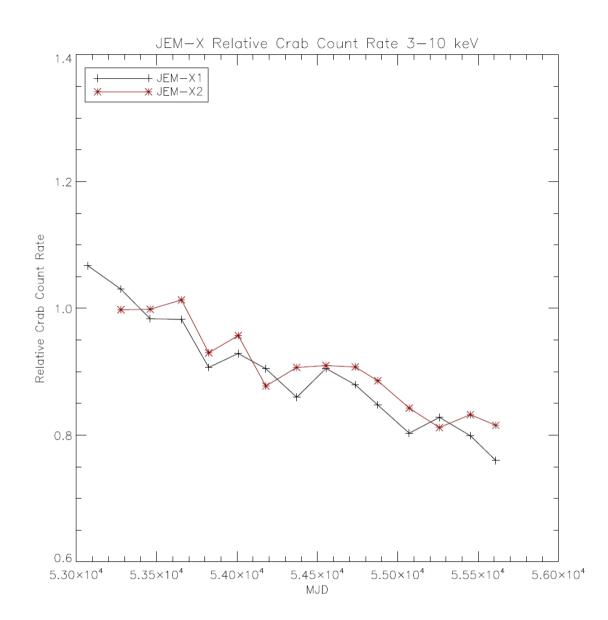


### **JEM-X1 Spectrum**

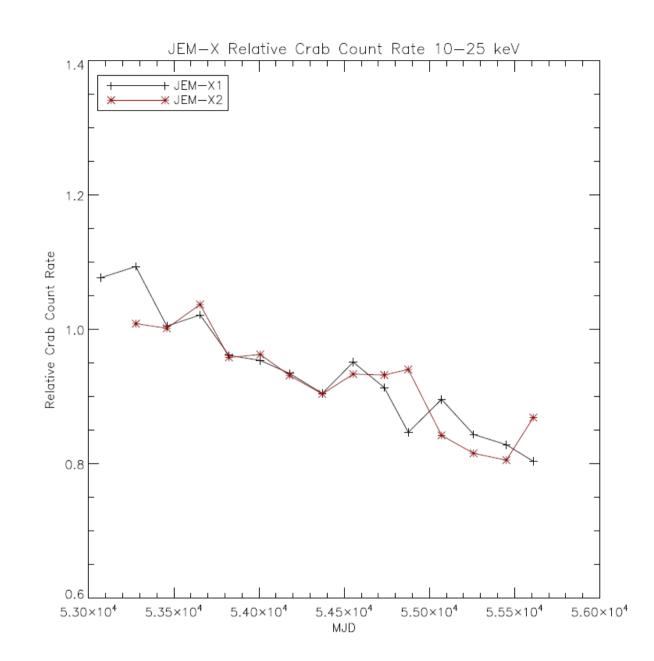




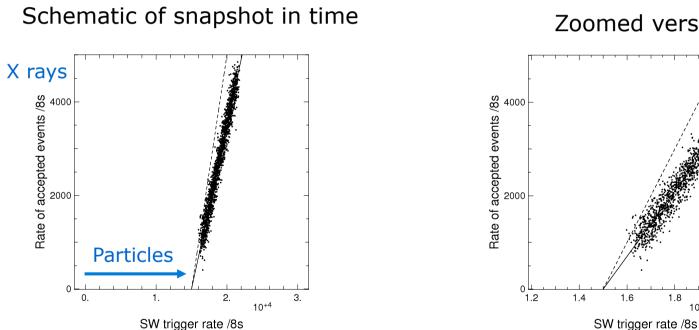
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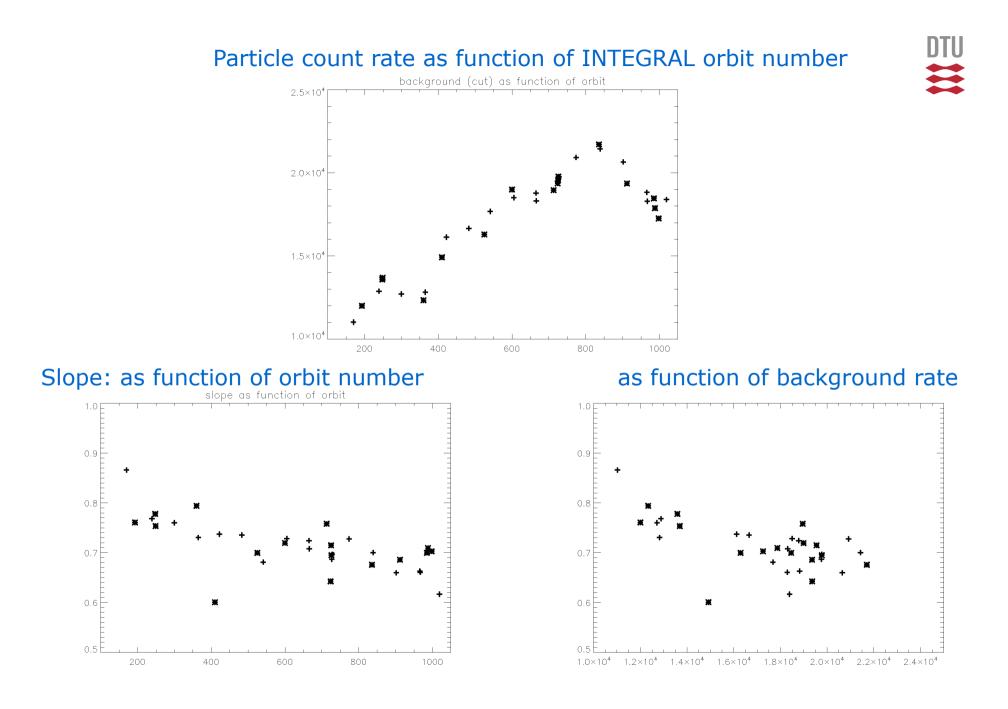


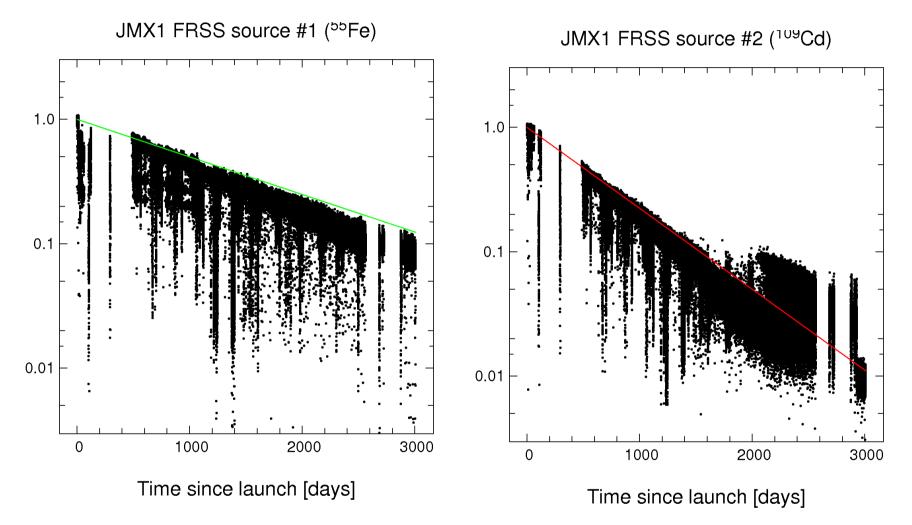
An unexpected feature has become visible – some counts seem to be lost, not only to dead-time effects

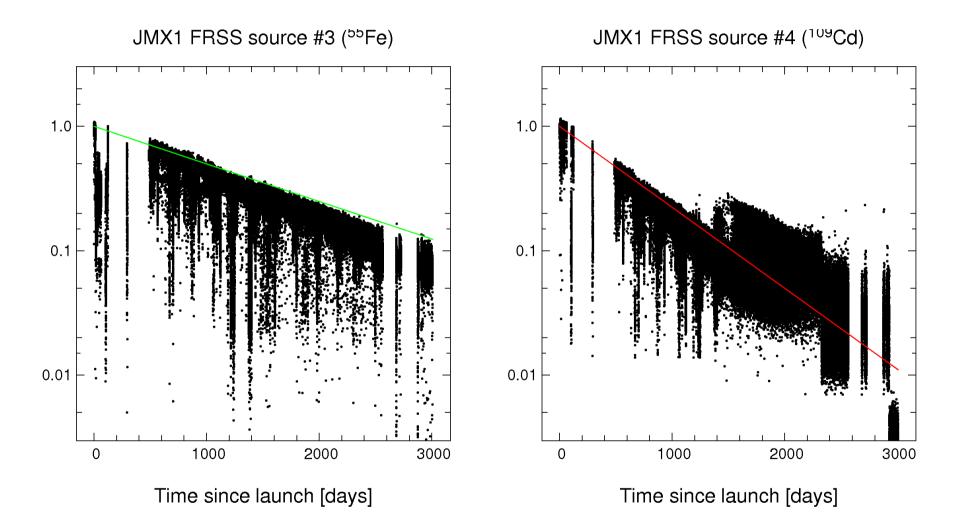


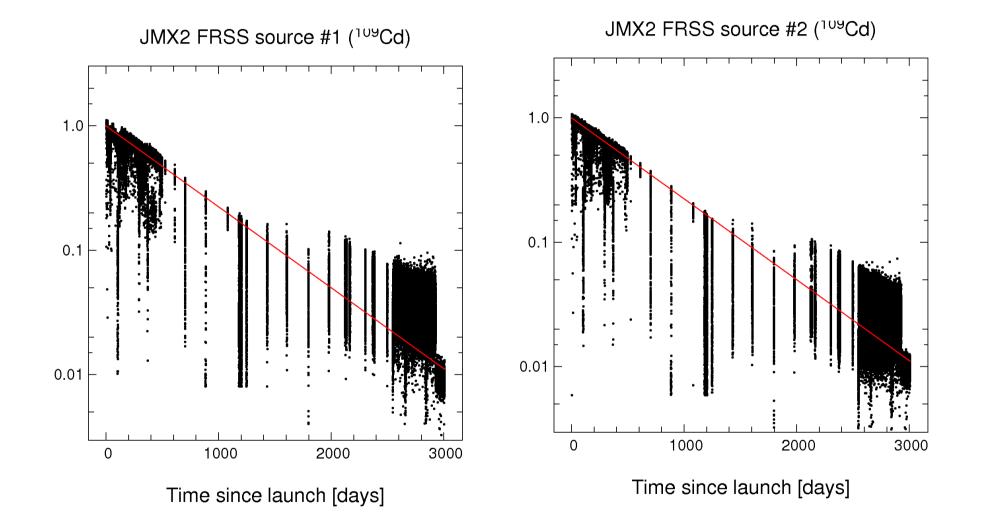
Zoomed version

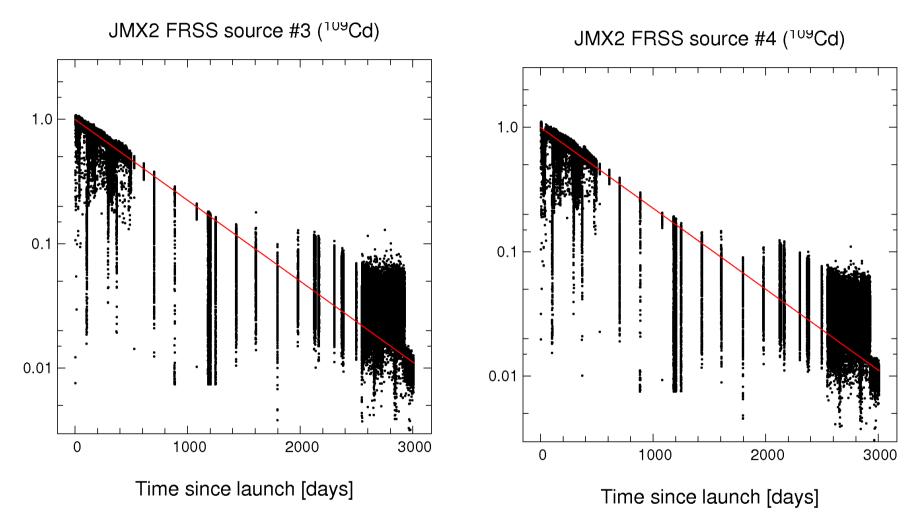
2.0 10+4











Conclusion:

- An unexpected "deadtime" has been discovered.
- Further analysis of the phenomenon will be initiated
- Better calibration source count rate determination (runs for a long time)