Chandra Calibration Status

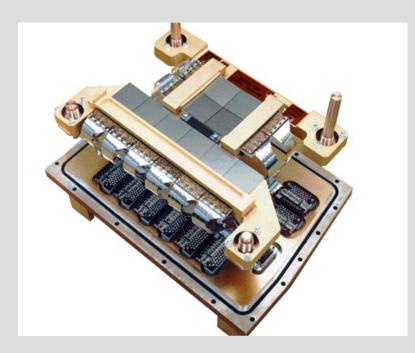


IACHEC Meeting May 19, 2008

<u>ACIS</u>

Operating Modes

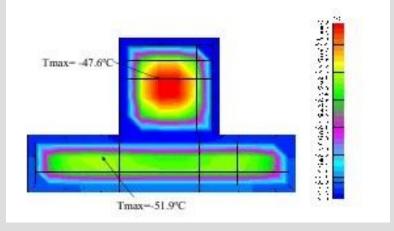
- 1. Timed event mode (TE)
- 2. Continuous Clocking Mode (CC)
- **Telemetry Formats**
 - 1. Very faint (VF) 5 x 5
 - 2. Faint (F) 3x3
 - 3. Graded
- Time-independent calibration products
 - 1. Detector QE and QE map (QEU)
 - 2. HRMA effective area
 - 3. Spectral response
- Time-dependent calibration products
 - 1. Detector gain (calibrated every 3 months)
 - 2. Depth of the contaminant on the ACIS filters (measured every 6 months)



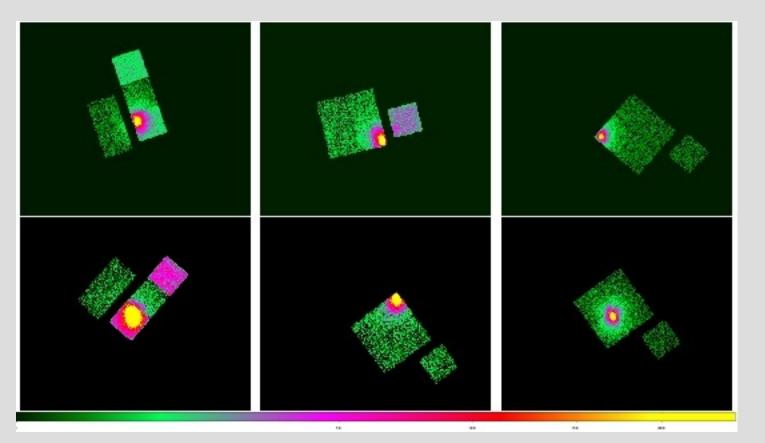
Summary of ACIS Calibration Efforts

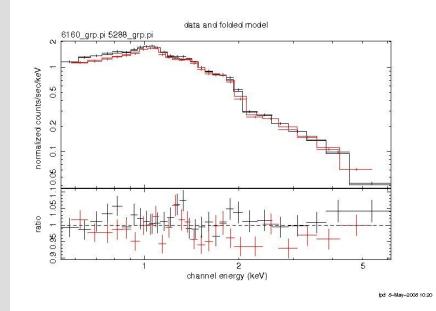
- 1. A complete set of cti-corrected calibration products for TE data taken in F or VF telemetry format was released in Dec. 2006. These data comprise about 80% of all ACIS data.
- 3. A complete set of cti-calibration products for TE data taken in graded telemetry format have been developed and tested with ECS data and in-flight data. These new calibration products require changes to the CIAO task acis_process_events.
- 5. Work is on-going to develop a set of cti-corrected calibration products for CC data taken in F telemetry mode.
- 7. Work has not yet commenced on updating the calibration for CC data taken in graded mode.
- 9. Updates are underway for improving the ACIS contamination model.

ACIS Internal Calibration



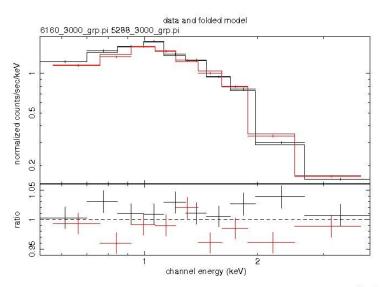
Abell 1795 observations





Comparison of Abell 1795 data at the S3 aim-point and top of S3. The data are simultaneously fit to an absorbed VAPEC model.

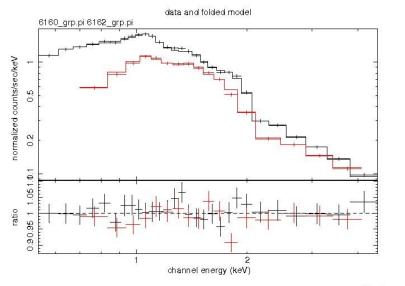
Bin = 1000



Bin = 3000

Most residuals are less than 3%

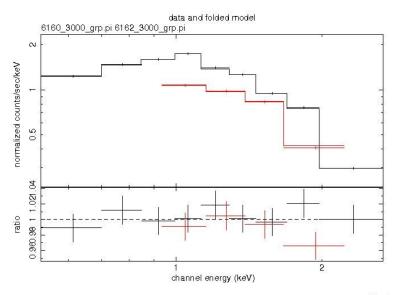
pd 6-May-2006 10:26



pd 6-May-2006 10:06

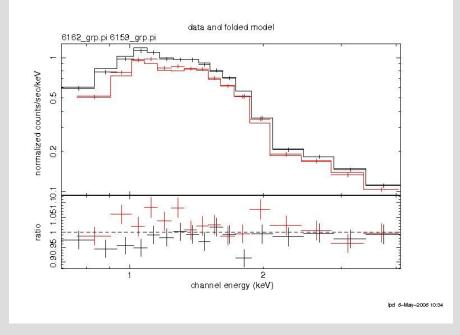
Bin = 3000

Bin = 1000



Comparison of Abell 1795 data at the S3 and I3 aim-points.

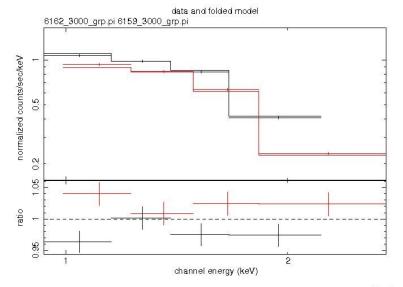
pd 6-May-2006 10:17



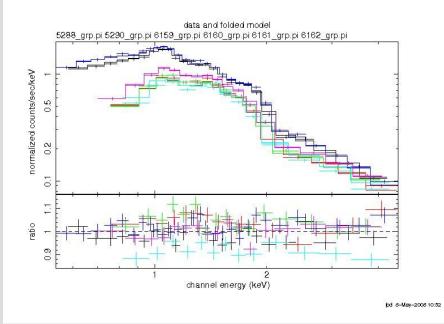
Comparison of Abell 1795 data at the I3 aim-point and corner of ACIS-I.

Bin = 1000

Bin = 3000



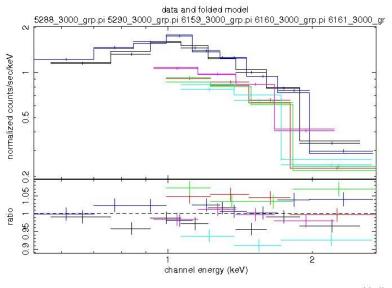
pd 6-May-2006 10:36





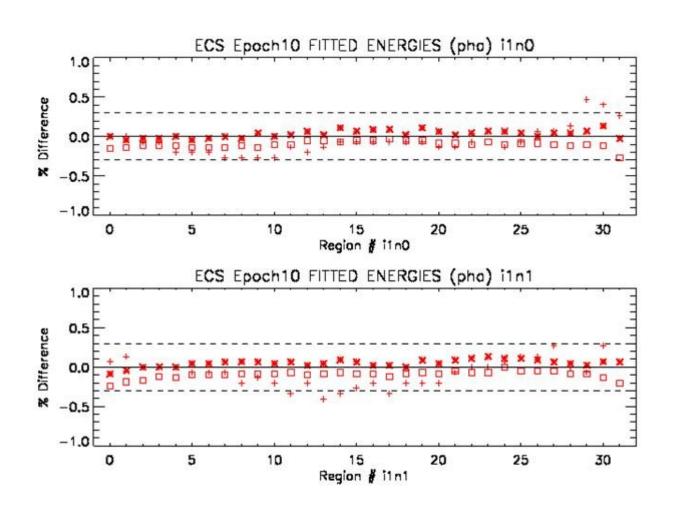
Bin = 1000

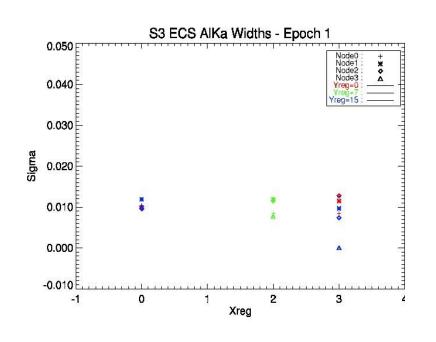
Bin = 3000



pd 6-May-2006 11:05

ACIS Gain Calibration

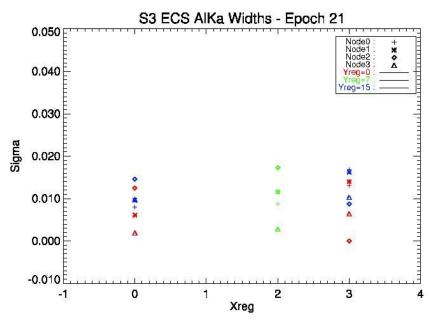


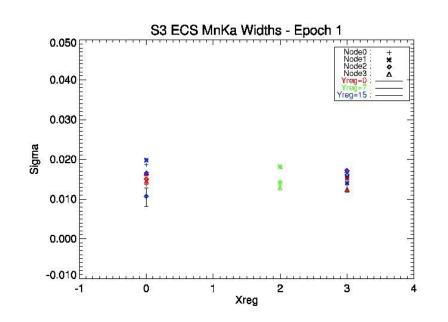


Epoch 1

ACIS Spectral Resolution Al-Ka

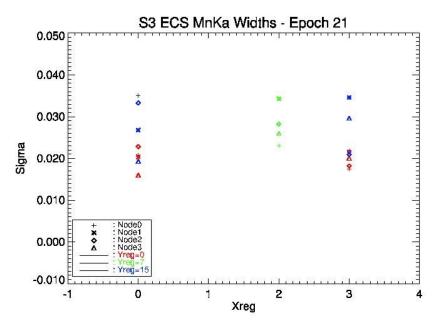
Epoch 21





ACIS Spectral Resolution Mn-Ka

Epoch 21



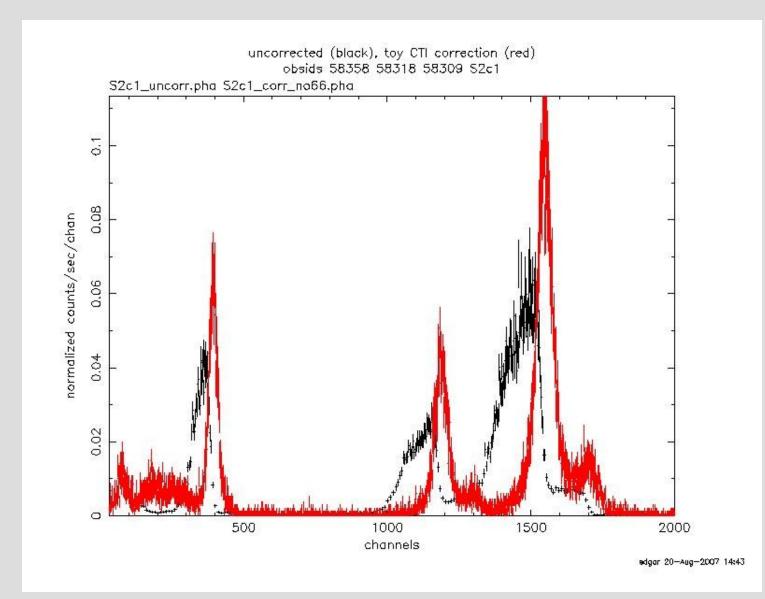
Epoch 1

CC Mode Calibration

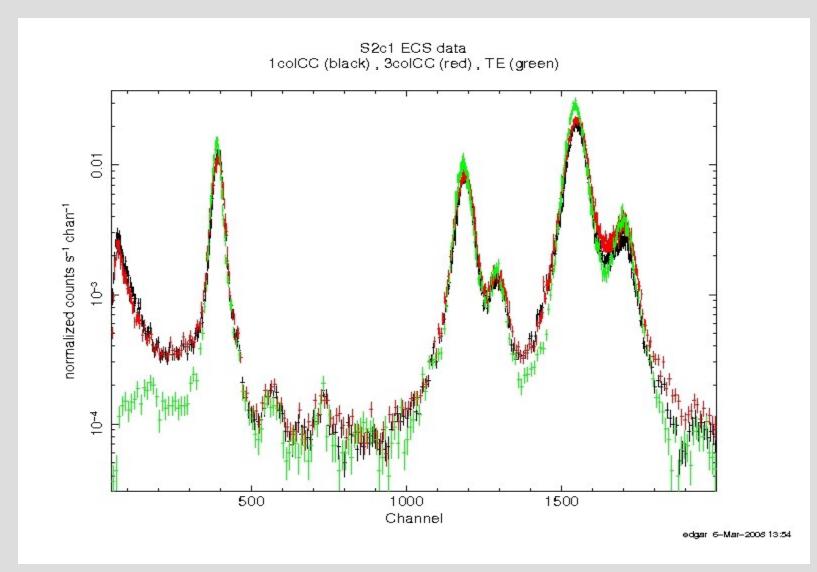
Flight Grade Distributions

15 23 24 25 28 26 27 30 29 51 32 128 33 132 34 130 35 134 36 129 37 138
38 131 39 135 40 144 41 148 42 146 43 150 44 145 45 149 46 147 47 151 48 136
49 140 50 138 51 142 52 137 53 141 54 139 55 143 56 152 57 156 58 154 59 154 154 159 158
60 153 61 157 62 155 63 159 64 65 68 66 67 70 69 71 72 80 73 84 74 82
75 86 76 81 77 85 78 83 79 87 88 89 92 90 91 93 95 96 192 97 196
98 194 99 198 100 193 101 197 102 195 103 199 104 208 105 212 106 210 107 214 108 209
109 213 110 211 111 215 112 200 113 204 114 202 115 206 116 201 117 205 118 203 119 207
120 216 121 220 122 218 123 222 112 217 125 221 126 219 126 219 126 161 164 162 163 166 166 166 166 166 166 166 166 166
165 167 168 176 169 180 170 171 182 172 177 181 174 175 183 184 184 185 186 186
187 190 189 191 224 225 226 226 227 230 229 231 232 240 233 244 234 242 235 246 236 241
237 245 238 243 239 247 248 249 252 250 251 254 255

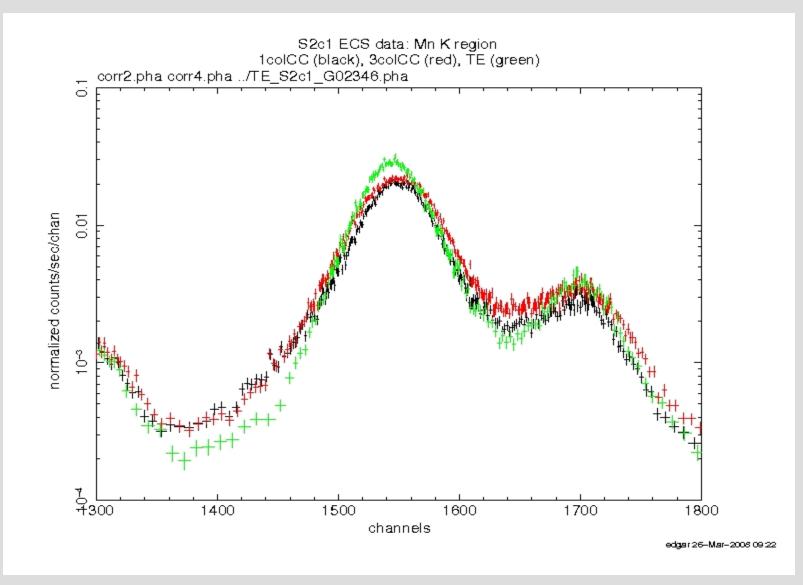
Line profiles of ECS data in CC mode



CTI-corrected CC-Mode Data

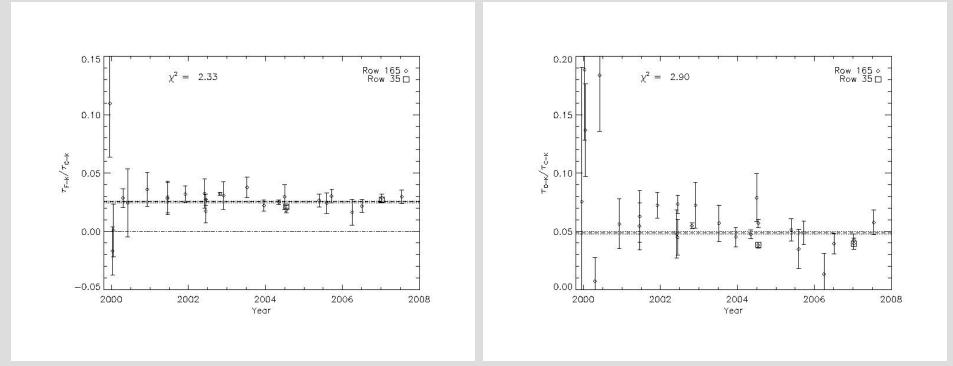


CTI-corrected CC-Mode Data



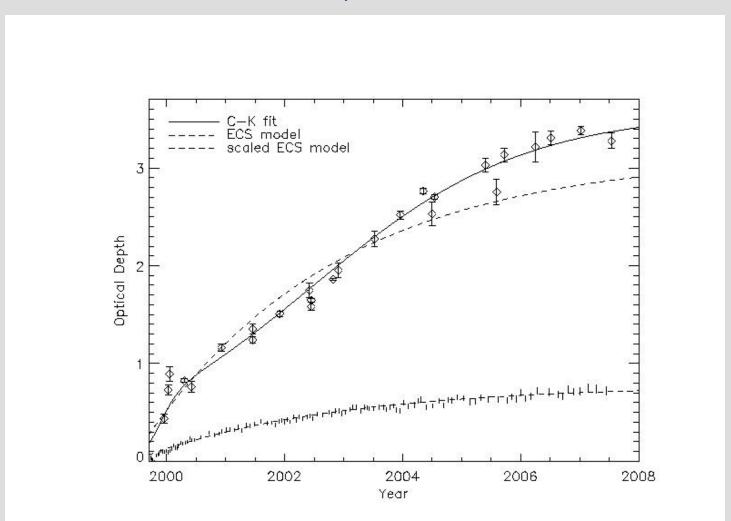
Contaminant on ACIS Filter

Chemical Composition



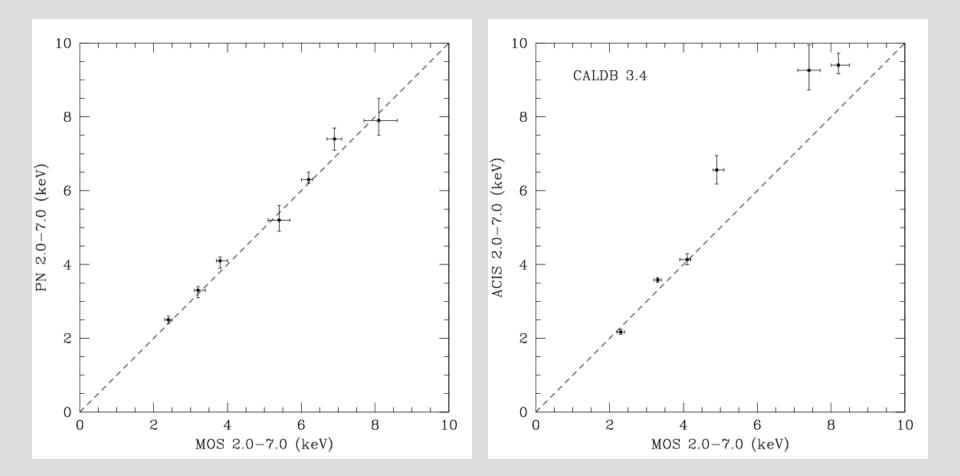
Contaminant on ACIS Filter

Time Dependence

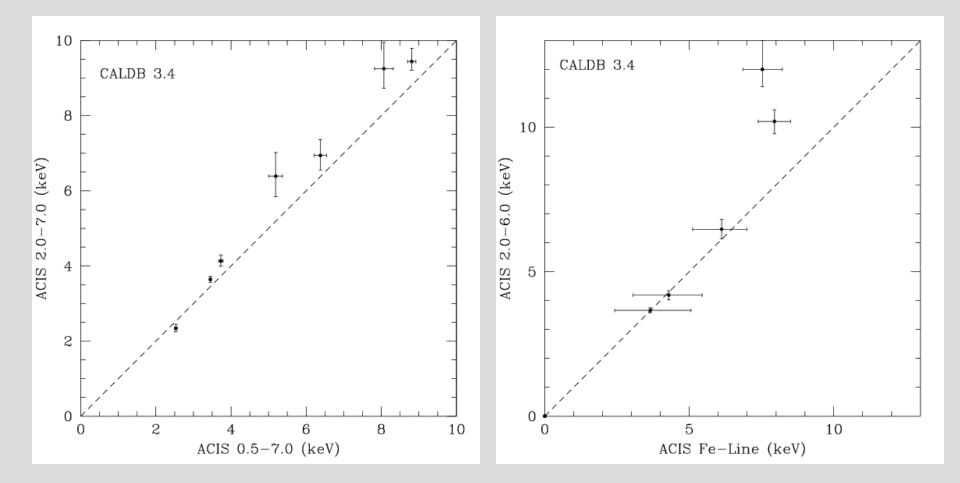


HRMA Calibration Status

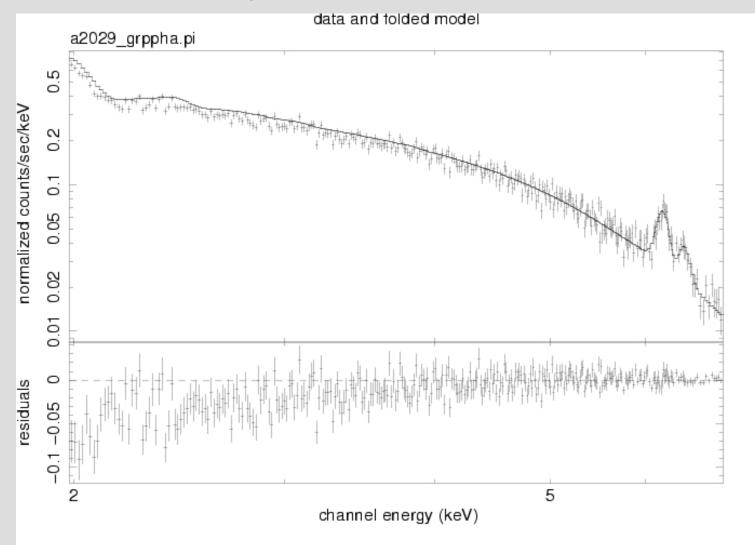
Cross-Calibration between ACIS and EPIC using Clusters of Galaxies



Comparison of ACIS derived temperatures in a broad band, a hard band and from the H-like to He-like Fe K alpha line ratio.

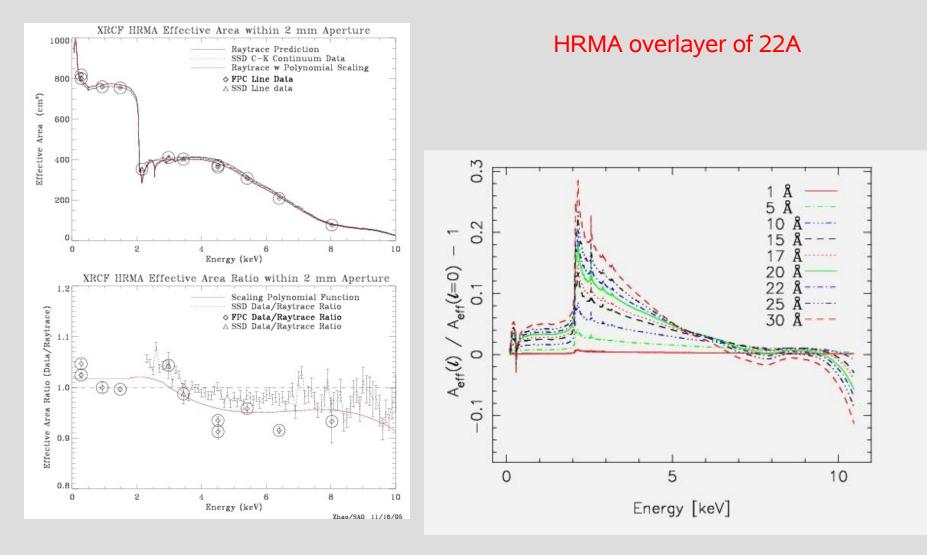


Residuals in the Abell 2029 spectrum assuming the gas temperature is given by the Fe line ratio (kT=7.9 keV).

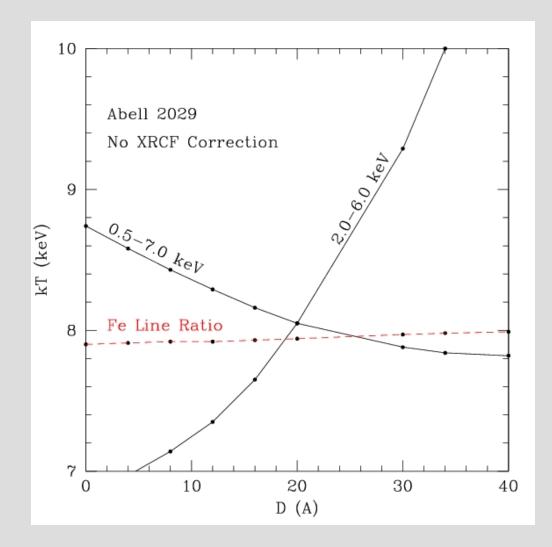


Two corrections have been applied to the predictions of the raytrace code since ground-based testing at the XRCF

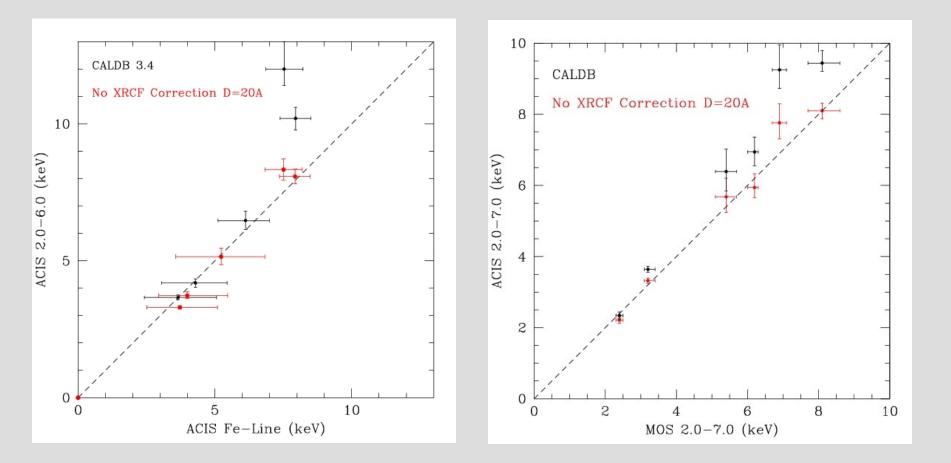
Empirical XRCF correction



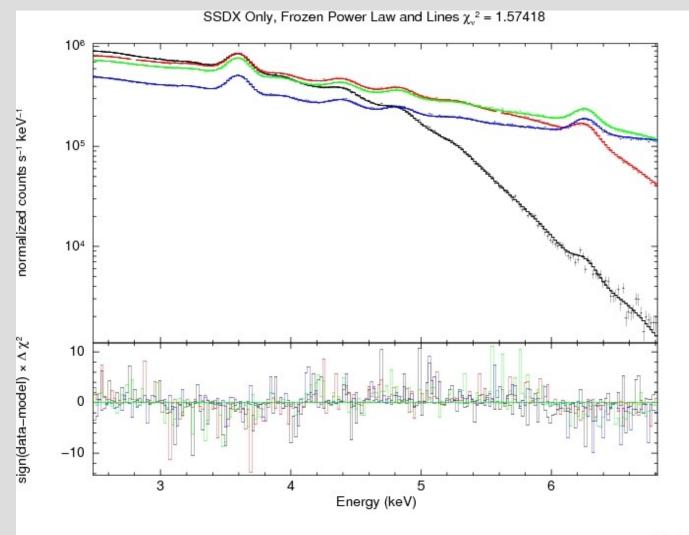
Sensitivity of derived cluster temperatures on the depth of the HRMA overlayer without the empirical XRCF correction.



Spectra fitting results with a HRMA effective area model without the XRCF empirical correction and a depth of 20A for the overlayer.

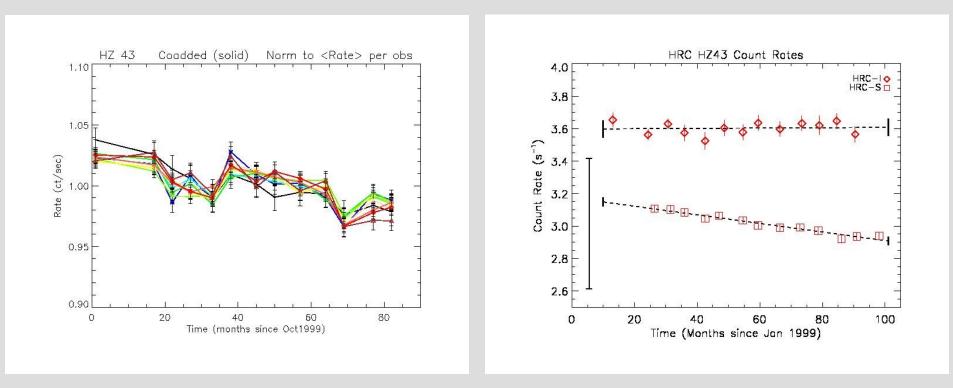


Ground-based continuum measurements fit to the raytrace predictions for the HRMA with a variable depth for the contaminant on each shell



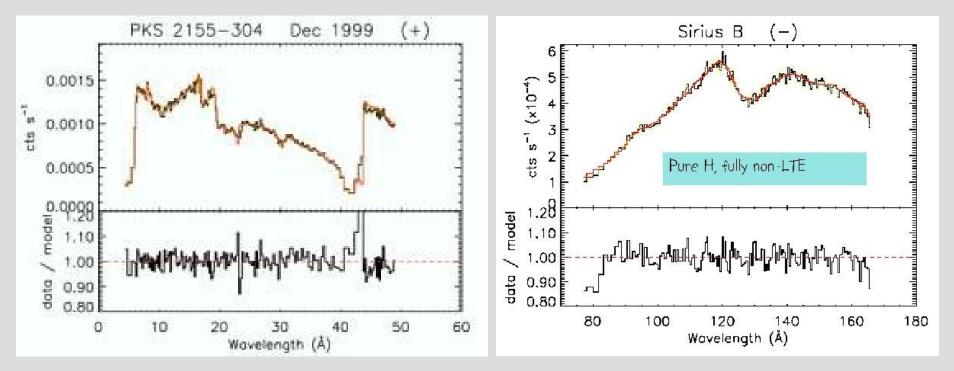
LETG Calibration Status

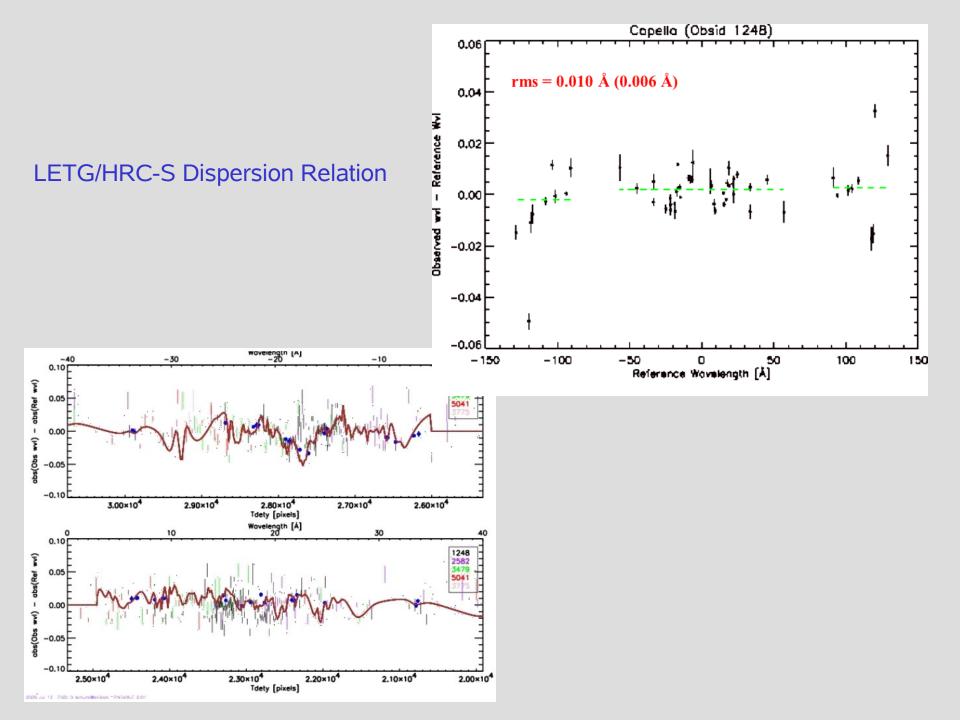
HRC-S QE



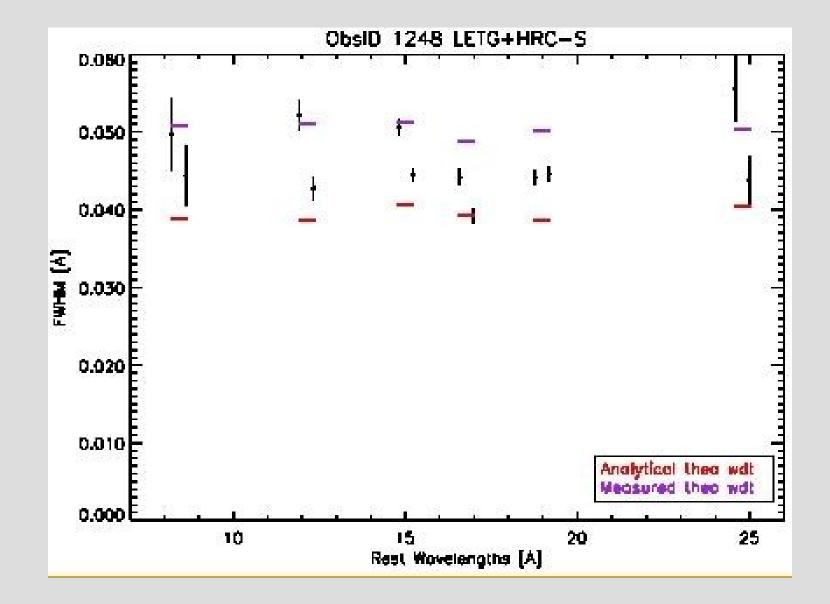
LETG/HRC-S Observations of PKS2155-304 and Sirius B

Uses HETG model for PKS2155-304

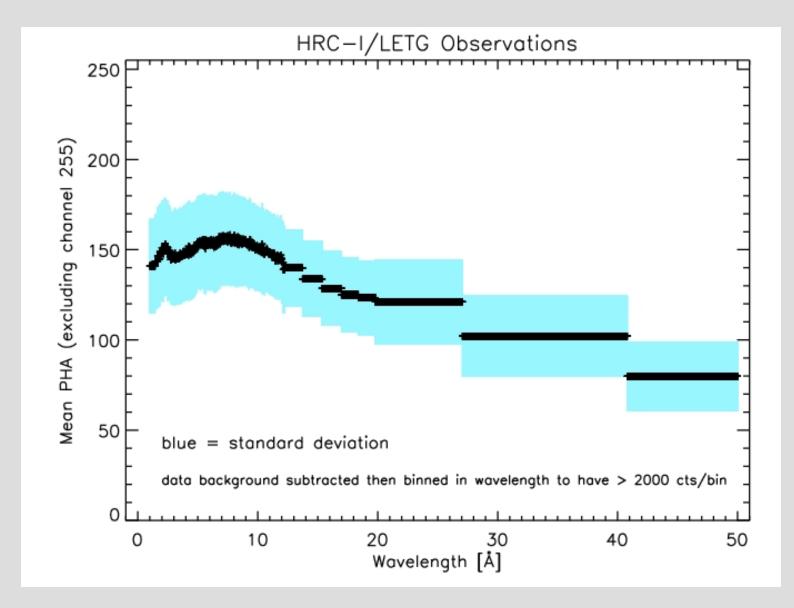




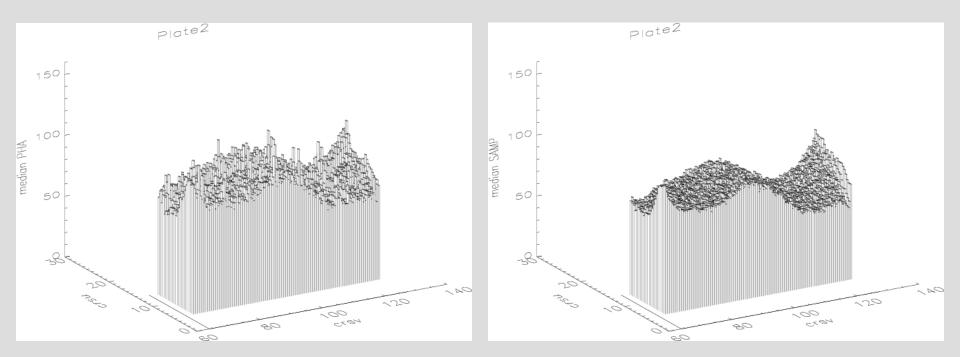
LETG/HRC-S Line Widths



HRC-S gain calibration



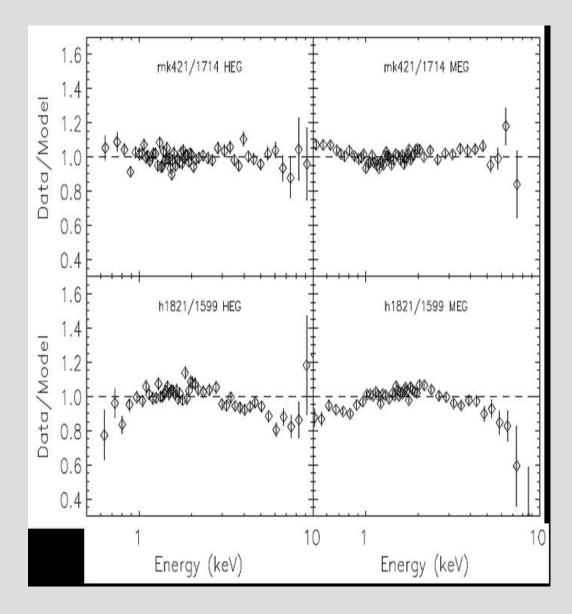
Ground-based flat field C-Ka data



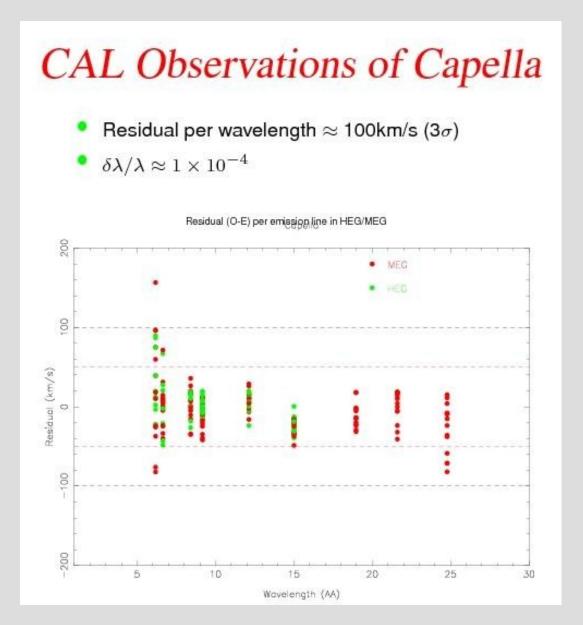
PHA distribution (sum of all pre-amps)

SUMAPMS distribution (sum of the 6 preamps with the most charge read-out)

HETG/ACIS-S Calibration Status



HETG Absolute Wavelengths



Comparison of TE and CC Mode Grade Distributions

